



February 8, 2023

The General Manager
Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited,
Stock Exchange Building,
Stock Exchange Road,
Karachi

CORPORATE BRIEFING SESSION

Dear Sir,

This is to inform you that the Corporate Briefing Session of Gadoon Textile Mills Limited ("the Company") is scheduled to be held on Wednesday, February 15, 2023 at 4:00 p.m. at the PSX Auditorium and through video conference (on Zoom) to brief the analysts / investors and shareholders about the Company's financial performance for the half year ended December 31, 2022 and future outlook. The presentation and flyer for Corporate Briefing Session is attached herewith.

We would appreciate your assistance in communicating this information to members of the Exchange.

Thanking You,

Yours truly,

For GADOON TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

Muhammad Umair Company Secretary









Overview

Gadoon Textile Mills Limited (GTML) was incorporated in Pakistan on February 23, 1988 as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017) and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The principal activity of the Company is manufacturing and sale of yarn and knitted sheets and production and sale of milk.

We manufacture and process all types of cotton and manmade fibers, operating state-of-the-art manufacturing plants in Karachi (Sindh) and Gadoon Amazai (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa). We have a diverse portfolio of products tailored to meet the needs of local and foreign markets.





Business Segments



SPINNING



DAIRY



KNITTING



STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS







AWARDS & ACHIEVEMENTS

Best Corporate Report Award

During the period, the Company has been awarded **3rd Position** for its Annual Report 2021 in the "Textile" Sector, in the Best Corporate Report Award competition jointly held by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and the Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan (ICMAP).



Top 25 Companies Award

During the period, the Company has been awarded PSX **Top 25 Companies Award** for the year 2021 with regards to its remarkable performance.





Key Strategic & Operational Development









Performance Indicators

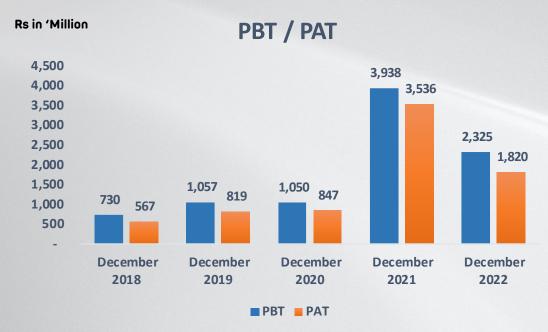
	UoM	December			
	UUIVI	2022	2021	2020	
GP to sales	Percentage	13.02%	16.75%	7.87%	
Net profit after tax to sales	Percentage	6.97%	13.34%	4.57%	
EBITDA to səles	Percentage	14.06%	17.43%	10.16%	
EBDA to səles	Percentage	9.06%	15.24%	7.18%	
Return on equity	Percentage	9.77%	24.88%	8.91%	
Return on capital employed	Percentage	12.14%	21.40%	10.39%	
Current ratio	Times	1.32	1.33	1.13	
Inventory turnover	Days	159	117	126	
Debtor turnover	Dəys	21	27	26	
Creditors turnover	Dəys	41	41	44	
Operating cycle	Days	139	103	108	
Asset turnover	Times	0.74	0.72	0.62	
Fixed Asset turnover	Times	1.83	2.49	1.83	
Leverage Ratio (D/E)	Times	0.86	0.68	1.07	
Earnings per Share	Rupees	64.92	126.15	30.22	

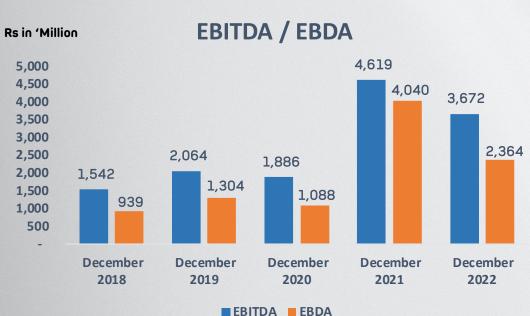


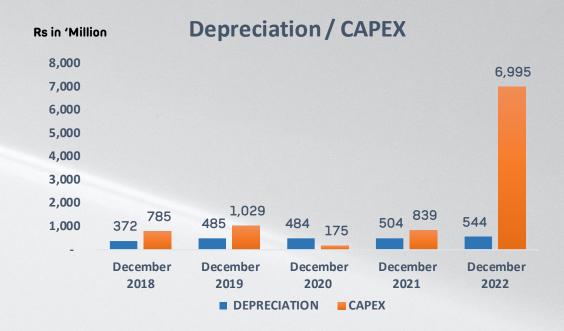
















	Rs. in '000		
Statement of Financial Position	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	
ASSETS			
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	17,455,401	11,016,751	
Biological Asset - Animals	460,943	365,430	
Long term advance	-	-	
Long term loans	58,399	46,146	
Long term deposits	39,331	34,742	
Long term investments	4,399,768	4,233,555	
	22,413,842	15,696,624	
Current Assets			
Stores, spares and loose tools	1,108,401	897,457	
Stock-in-trade	20,740,424	18,381,382	
Trade debts	2,224,771	3,751,395	
Loans and advances	293,414	534,710	
Short term Investment	3,083,349	-	
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	76,141	14,943	
Other receivables	1,675,181	1,386,756	
Cash and bank balances	234,179	159,841	
	29,435,860	25,126,484	
Total Assets	51,849,702	40,823,108	

Statement of Financial Position	December 31, 2022	Rs. in '000 June 30, 2022
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Share Capital and Reserves		
Issued, subscribed and paid up	280,296	280,296
Capital reserves	137,541	137,541
Revenue reserves	18,844,355	17,585,312
	19,262,192	18,003,149
Non Current Liabilities		
Long term finance	8,292,291	4,008,570
Deferred government grant	207,250	186,528
Retirement benefit obligation	866,980	820,993
Deferred tax liabilities	874,267	756,100
	10,240,788	5,772,191
Current Liabilities		
Short term borrowings	10,384,896	6,117,971
Trade and other payables	10,648,899	9,798,223
Unclaimed dividend	34,614	26,392
Current tax liability	99,857	82,062
Current portion of long term finance	690,496	763,011
Current portion of deferred government grant	45,550	56,327
Accrued mark-up	442,410	203,782
	22,346,722	17,047,768
Total Equity and Liabilities	51,849,702	40,823,108

Rs. in '000

Statement of Profit or Loss	For the Period ended					
Statement of Front of Loss	31-Dec-22	%	31-Dec-21	%	Variance	%
Sales - net	26,105,601	100.0	26,504,050	100.0	(398,449)	(1.5)
Cost of sales	(22,706,485)	(87.0)	(22,079,846)	(83.3)	(626,639)	(2.8)
Gross profit	3,399,116	13.0	4,424,204	16.7	(1,025,088)	(23.2)
Distribution cost	(484,883)	(1.9)	(651,739)	(2.5)	166,856	25.6
Administrative expenses	(231,320)	(0.9)	(171,540)	(0.6)	(59,780)	(34.8)
	(716,203)	(2.7)	(823,279)	(3.1)	107,076	13.0
Operating profit	2,682,913	10.3	3,600,925	13.6	(918,012)	(25.5)
Financial charges	(801,974)	(3.1)	(177,537)	(0.7)	(624,437)	(351.7)
Other operating expense	(156,491)	(0.6)	(243,262)	(0.9)	86,771	35.7
	(958,465)	(3.7)	(420,799)	(1.6)	(537,666)	127.8
Other income	212,381	0.8	112,437	0.4	99,944	88.9
Share of profit from associates	388,309	1.5	645,136	2.4	(256,827)	(39.8)
	600,690	2.3	757,573	2.8	(156,883)	(20.7)
Profit before taxation	2,325,138	8.9	3,937,699	14.8	(1,612,561)	(41)
Taxation	(505,503)	(1.9)	(401,746)	(1.5)	(103,757)	(25.8)
Profit after taxation	1,819,635	7.0	3,535,953	13.3	(1,716,318)	(48.5)



- Heimtextil-2023 exhibition-Frankfurt has opened up new opportunities and hopefully will helps to alleviate the Country's exports.
- The IMF bailout package may ease the pressure on foreign reserves but the businesses have to suffer for additional costs which might dilute the overall margins.
- Constraint of foreign reserves and cargo struck at Port have put pressures on businesses, which
 hopefully once resolved will help to revive economy.
- Tax collection by FBR is short of budgeted numbers, however, the government is hopeful to cope up
 the same with amendments in current taxation structure.
- Positive intention for rationalizing cost operations, maximum capacity utilization, effective procurement strategy and alteration of sales mix to generate maximum net margins.
- Focus on value added segment to rationalize the operating cost and build synergize between the segments.



